Ed. Kidder

The Wilmington Post.

VOLUME X. WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY, JUNE 22, 1879. Single Copies 5 Cents NUMBER 25

A STATESMAN TO BE TRUSTED.

In all the history of the party which saved the republic, struck the chains from the slaves, enfranchised the colored man and wiped out the one dismal stain upon the fair fame of the government that was founded by Washington, there stands out the name of no man more prominently than that of John Sherman. In all the muster roll of the names of illustrious persons and statesmen who have swayed the fortunes of that party, valiantly and cheerfully bearing its burdens or toils in the dark hours of doubt, discouragement and persecutions amounting in the eyes of the world to disgrace, and in the hour of its fierce trial when it gave bold battle for the advancement of civilization and the regeneration of mankind, bearing about him with grand steadfastness and unflinching fidelity, no man's name reflects a brighter glow, or stands credited with higher achievments than that of John Sherman.

Beginning with the beginning, he was a Republican. He naturally affiliated with that party, to which from the very moment of its birth the supreme interests of humanity have been confided, as the hardy oak sends his sturdy limbs up into the purer air and brighter sunshine far above the dwarfed and dwindling growth that spends its short and futile life groveling at its base. His every impulse has been that of a high minded, pure hearted, patriotic humanitarian. Search his record and tell us wherein he has ever fallen short of the attempt at the fulfillment of the noblest impulses. Study his life and show us wherein he has been other than the highest type of man.

We kindle into enthusiastic admiration for the glorious achievements of General Grant, the heroic and accomplished soldier, the ardent and faithful patriot, and we are proud to belong to a nation that has in honoring him so honored itself. But we abate no jot or tittle of our claim that to John Sherman shall be awarded equal honor, equal reward. While General Grant at the front directed the armies that were to crush out a rebellion, wrong and causeless, and we feel that we have earned the right to so characterize it, and we do so without fear, at that moment John Sherman was doing no less desperate battle in his place in the United States Senate—beating back the unnatural disloyalty at the north that aimed the coward's blow at the father's life, keeping in courage and heart a worn and fainting people, filling the veins of patriotic endeavor with with the healthy blood of heroic determination, holding up the hands of the soldier hero, who without such aid would have fallen and failed, garnering and making secure the fruits of the costly victory, and with the nobly won opportunity broadening and strengthening the foundation of the newly purely born republic. The courage and wisdom and patriotism that John Sherman was animated by was in no regard less worthy of our grateful recognition than that of Gen. Grant.

Mr. Sherman is a Republican by every instinct of his strong and patriotic nature. He has never swerved from his adherance to the broadest and most requiring creed of that great party.—It would seem that with his mother's milk he drank in the inspiration of equal rights to all men—the shibboleth of all enlightenment and progress, the watch word of the great humanitarian organization. When others fainted in the heat of the conflict, or sunk weakened and despairing beneath their wounds, or allured by the deception of false ambition strayed away from the true path, deserted the camp and dropped out of the fight, John Sherman stood like a rock, and never for an instant relaxed his lofty purpose.

To what glorious purpose he wrought let this great nation testify. Let the world come and know that by the act of this man and his associates, amongst whom he stands a faithful leader, that four millions of human beings have been lifted from the shameful degradation of slavery and ignorance to the proud plane of American citizenship which ought to be, and which will be, please God, as proud a title as ever was that of boasted Rome in her brightest days.

His life has been a long struggle in behalf of his country. No man may truthfully say that he has ever wrought selfishlp. His aims have ever been for the elevation and amelioration of the condition of his fellow man. And if he wrought heroically in the days of darkness he has been no less firm and patriotic and wise in his recent contests. With what consummate skill and unwavering courage he has fought the fight of resumption! And now that his victory is won and he has placed the people of the republic on the firm footing of the sure high road to prosperity, how deserving he is of all our gratitude and rewards of honor.

The old Fulton market has been torn down and is to be rebuilt.

The Democracy pay John Sherman the compliment to train their heaviest guns upon him. This compliment he deserves. He has been a consistent opponent of the party which once attempted the life of the nation and which has always been filled with a spirit of hatred for the Union, and of bitter persecution toward the weak and helpless.

From the great west, the seat of empire, come unmistakeable indications that the Sherman movement is gathering in volume and strength with each day that passes. There is no mistaking this sign of the disposition of the people. Secretary Sherman has earned their admiration and confidence. They realize that he is a man to be trusted—that he is seasoned timber, tried in the storms that have only demonstrated how staunch and true he is. The movement is not to be laughed or sneered down. It exists, and grows steadily in strength.

THE DEATH OF THE PRINCE IMPERIAL.

The Prince Imperial, the only son of Louis Napoleon and Queen Eugenie is reported to have been killed by the Zulus. He was probably about 24 years of age. Since the fall of the Emperor he has resided in England with his mother at Chiselhurst, and has been trained at the military school at Woolwich. He went to Africa to participate in the war with the Zulus and was in the English army. His death leaves Prince Napoleon as the next heir to the French throne in case of the restoration of the Bonopartists.

The official account of Prince Napoleon's death says:

The Prince with Lieut. Cary, of the 98th Regiment, six men and one friendly Zulu, left camp at Keletzi mountain, seven miles beyond Blooduar, on the 1st inst., for a reconnoisance. The party halted and unsaddled when ten miles from camp. Just as the Prince gave the order to remount, a volley was fired from ambush in the long grass. Lieut. Cary and four of the troopers returned to camp, and reported the Prince and two troopers missing. From their statements there could be no doubt that the Prince was killed. A party of the Seventeenth Lancers, with an ambulance, started on the 21 instant to recover the body of the Prince which was found and brought in on the same day.

A special to the *Daily News* adds the following particulars: "The body of the Prince, when found, lay on its back. There were eighteen assegai in it, two of them piercing the body from the chest to the back, two in the side, and one destroyed the right eye. A locket, with hair, medal lions, and a reliquary, were found around his neck. His face wore a placid expression. He had evidently ineffectually tried to mount, and the leather of the flap tearing, he ran along the path to where he was found. Two troopers lay near the body, both having been assegaied. The Prince was very adventurous."

The news of the death of the Prince Imperial reached London at a late hour last night. About one o'clock this morning it was circulated in the lobbies of the House of Commons, when, in reply to inquiries, Col. Stanley, Secretary of the State for War read the official telegram.

Lord Sydney, an old and tried friend of the Imperial family, has left for Chiselhurst to break the news to the Empress Eugenie.

The London journals, while deploring the Prince's death, regard it as the end of Imperialism in France. Prince Napoleon, who has become the head of the line, is a Democrat in politics and is distasteful to the entire Bonapartisl party. He has two sons, aged 17 and 15 years respectively. Party loyalty may fasten around the name of one of these sons, but for the present Imperial counsel must be distracted and the possibility of the return of the Empire must appear more shadowy then ever.

The following correspondence between Mr. M. Cronly, Assessor for this Township, and J. M. Worth, Esq., State Treasurer, will be of interest to tax-payers generally:

[COPY.]

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13, 1879.
Hon. J. M. Worth, Public Treasurer:
Raleigh, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—Many of the residents of this Township are listing no Solvent Credits. Cannot think there is any disposition to evade the law, but some inform me that they cannot state the value of their notes and accounts, and are unable to say what amount they could collect by law. Others claim that the state has no right to tax Credits in another state, and are unwilling to list them, *while* a large majority say their liabilities are larger than the entire amounts due them. Many hold mortgages upon real estate who decline to list, upon the ground that the owner being in possession lists the same, and claim that should they be compelled to list these mortgages *would involve a double tax* upon the property. To illustrate: A sells to B a piece of real estate for $4000, one quarter cash, balance one, two and three years credit with six per cent. interest, secured by mortgage. The real estate is assessed at $4000. B lists and pays tax upon that amount. Now should A list the mortgage (Solvent Credit) made by B to secure the $3000? Again: C loans D $4000 upon a piece of real estate, assessed at $6000, for one and two years, with interest at 6 per cent., secured by mortgage. D lists and pays tax on $6000. Should C list and pay on the $4000 mortgage as a Solvent Credit?

Is money on hand, in legal tender notes, taxable?

Will you be kind enough to give me your opinion on these questions, as well as to polls and salaries of Ministers of the Gospel? and oblige,

Yours, very respectfully
M. CRONLY,
Assessor Wil. Township.

NORTH CAROLINA,
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Raleigh, June 17th, 1879.

M. Cronly, Esq., Assessor, &c.,
Wilmington, N. C.

DEAR SIR: Yours of the 13th instant received, and I answer your questions without repeating them.

Taxpayers must list their solvent credits, in or out of the state, estimating their value at what they would bring at a *voluntary* sale.

Property under mortgage must be listed by the *mortgageor*, but the note given by him to mortgagee, for the money advanced, must be listed by the latter as a solvent credit. This is not a double tax on the same property, because the solvent credit in this case is only a change of the nature of the property of the mortgagee from money on hand or on deposit, or a solvent credit of another class.

It has been decided that while United States Treasury notes may be exempt from taxation as money on hand, National Bank notes are not exempt. If, however, United States Treasury notes are deposited in bank, and a certificate of deposit is obtained therefor, the certificate is a solvent credit, and, as such, is taxable.

I fine no where in the laws that Ministers of the Gospel are exempt from poll or income tax. In fact, the Constitution does not admit of their exemption from poll tax as ministers.

Very respectfully,
J. M. WORTH,
State Treasurer.

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. ly

WANTED—An active young man to take charge of the POST subscription list, both city and country.

Yesterday was the longest day in the year.

Mr. Thos. Monk expects to visit Europe soon.

Mr. E. S. Latimer has left this city for the great west.

A very heavy hail storm visited this section on Thursday last.

Col. D. K. McRae, attorney at law has been appointed Anditor of Carolina Central Railroad.

Rev. J. W. Craig and J. W. Potter will hold an open air meeting at Dudleys's Grove to-day.

Sheriff Manning has received information that Joe Miller has made his escape from the penitentiary.

The Bank of New Hanover has sent up sixty-five thousand dollars of old bonds to be exchanged for the new state bonds.

Dr. B. F. Cobb has gone west with his son. They are thinking of purchasing lands in western North Carolina for stock raising.

FIRE.—On Thursday night last the residences of Jno. J. King and Frank Melton was destroyed by fire.

Mr. B. F. Mitchell and daughter left last week for Bath, Maine, to visit relatives. They expect to stop at different watering places as they go northward, and will be absent some three months.

How long, O, how long, will M. C. Guthrie continue to spend the money that honestly belongs to Samuel P. Swain the regularly elected Clerk of Brunswick county?

The trial of Joe Gillespie, charged with the murder of W. G. Fowler at Mooresville some time ago, has been removed from Iredell county to Alexander county, on application of the defendant Gillespie.

The last regatta of this season of the Carolina Yacht Club in the river will take place to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. It is rumored that only four boats will enter this race: Rosa, Ripple, Gipsy and Bonnie Lassie. The Restless, Frolic and Lizzie, we hear are undergoing some repairs.

Next to the Sheriff, tax assessor, and the city dog-catcher, the dearest friend on earth is the tax-collector. He is pleasenter than a country physician, than a deacon, than a sea captain, than a dry goods clerk, He delightfully has insinuated himself into your private business, has found out the value of your watch, your private income and everything.

M. C. Guthrie holds on to the office of Clerk of the Superior Court with an iron grip—the people decided against him in August last, yet he holds; the courts have decided against him. Yet in contempt of the people and the courts he continues to hold. We suppose justice will reach him after awhile. In the meantime he is spending the money of Samuel P. Swain, the rightfully elected officer, and not his own.

Only five person confined in the city prison.

The police made nine arrests during the week.

Three interments in Bellevue Cemetery for the past week.

One interment in Pine Forest Cemetery during the past week.

Treasurer Savage collected $507 57 during the past week.

During the past week 525,755 feet of lumber were shipped from this port.

Marriage licenses were issued to two colored couples during the past week.

There were 6 arrivals and 6 sailing of vessels from this port during the past week.

Quite a large number of vessels in below. Seven bound up and others waiting for favorable winds.

Stacy VanAmringe, Esq., probated five deeds, four chattle mortgage and one mortgage during the week.

There are 341 bales of cotton, 6,030 casks of spirits, 100,897 barrels of rosin, 4,059 do. turpentine, and 14,617 do. tar ashore and afloat at this port.

During the past week 44 bales of cotton, 2814 barrels of spirits, 9265 bbls. rosin, 114 bbls. tar, 2585 bbls. tupentine were received at this port.

Second street is getting to be the seat of an enormous business. One fellow keeps lemonade and ice cream in a store five feet square. Another makes coffins, another shaves Africo-Americans, and another has "meals at all hours." Pompey Harris holds court at the corner over multifarious vegetables. There is a cafe and one beer shop, one sewing machine store, and one cigar maker, and one tailor's shop, one upholsterer, one undertaker, a paint shop and a Magistrates office, and a law office. The Postoffice and the United States Court, two livery stables, furniture warehouses, and grocers are all crowded into this vast mart of human activity.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.—At a meeting of Carolina Lodge, No. 434, Knights of Honor, last Monday night, the regular semi-annual election of officers was held. The following were chosen for the ensuing term:

Dictator—John D. Taylor.
Vice Dictator—Walter Coney.
Assistant Dictator—J. A. Springer.
Guide—Jas. F. Post, Jr.
Chaplain—N. W. Schenck.
Reporter—Geo. N. Harriss.
Financial Reporter—John L. Dudley.
Treasurer—Owen Fennell, Jr.
Guardian—H. B. Willis.
Sentinel—Jas. M. McGowan.
Medical Examiner—Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy.

MAGISTRATES COURT.—Lud Johnson was before Justice Hill, charged with willful abandonment and assault and battery. Judgment was rendered against him in both cases; the fine and cost amounting to $6.30. He was committed in default.

Geo. W. Murry before the same Justice; charged with assault with a deadly weapon. He was fined $50 and the cost.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Paddy's Hollow contributed Anna J. Hill as a victim for the city court. Anna was drunk and is now resting in the city prison. She will make a visit of twenty days.

Two kids Tom Tit and Mike Peden were caught purloining scrap iron. They are in the city prison on a months visit.

Stephen Hannon committed an assault upon Billy Miller. Hannon was fined $25. The fine was paid.

Bod Martin and Jacob Thompson had a fuss to and were run in before the Mayor. Their cases was continued.

Charles Murphy was arraigned for abusing and insulting a police officer in the discharge of his duty. The testimony of the witnesses went to prove that Health Officer Scharf, while on the premises of Mr. Murphy yesterday, in the regular discharge of his duty, inquiring into the sanitary condition of the place and making inquiry into the number of badgeless dogs on the premises, in accordance with a recent order of the Chief of Police, was cursed and abused by the defendant and ordered off his premises.

Lemonade Jim, alias James Clark, was arraigned for interference with an officer. He was furnished quarters for thirty days.

A sailor man got on his beam ends and refused to mind his rudder was steered into the wrong port and the Mayor fined him just ten dollars which he paid.

Limping Drake, the Chief of the Hollow was run in, and after spending two days in a cell was released.

Twenty-two vessels in port, and forty-two are up and sailed for this port.

John Mercer Langston, L. L. D. whose untimely death is announced, was a Proffessor at-Law of the Howard University, associated with the Hon. A. G. Riddle of Washington, D. C. He took charge of the Law Department of the above named institution, at its organization, and was by his earnest endeavors, instrumental in qualifying the first class of young colored men for practice of the profession in this country. Col. Geo. L. Mabson of this state was a member and graduate of 1870.

A live eagle may be seen any day on Second street in front of Sykes's meat market. He walks up and down the street or on the side walk with a lordly strut, occasionally flying a rod, and sometimes lighting upon a rail, folding his wings, and looking very wise and dignified. He minds his own business mostly, but the other day he took possession of a little boy's hat and wouldn't let him have it for a while. Then he walks into a mudpuddle and sticks his beak in the water as if he were hunting fish. He knows he is no common bird, looks you straight in the, and sometimes glances up in the face and eyes of the sun as if he thought of taking an aerial flight. He subsits on the best of mutton chops and beef steak.

THE BRUNSWICK CASE—DECISION AND APPEAL.—In the case of the people of the state of North Carolina upon the relation of S. P. Swain vs. M. C. Guthrie," being a *quo warranto* to test the validity of the title of the defendant to the office of Superior Court Clerk of Brunswick county, heard in the Superior Court of New Hanover on Wednesday the 11th instant, His Honor Judge Seymour, rendered a decision on the 14th in favor of the complainant, Sam'l P. Swain, the defendant (M. C. Guthrie) being required to surrender the office and its appertenances to the plaintiff and pay a fine of $250 and the costs of the action.

From this judgment defendant appealed to the Supreme Court, and was required to give bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance.

K. OF H. DELEGATES.—Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy and Mr. N. Jacobi, who have been in attendance at the Grand Lodge Knights of Honor, which was held in Newbern, returned to this city yesterday morning. They speak in warm terms of commendation of the hospitalities of the people of our sister city. We give below a list of officers, as obtained from the representatives from this city:

G. D.—T. F. Klutz.
V. G. D.—Dr. W. H. H. Cobb.
A. G. D.—J. M. Spragins.
G. R.—P. C. Carleton.
G. Treasurer—S. C. Scofield.
Chaplain—Rev. W. P. Williams.
G. Guide—N. Jacobi.
G. Guardian—Dr. D. Cogdell.
G. Sentinel—C. M. Brown.
G. Medical Supervisor—Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy.
Trustees—L. C. Haines, Dr. R. F. Lewis, Alexander Miller.
Representative to Supreme Lodge—W. G. Brinson.

The Portland (Oregon) *Bee* looks upon Senator Chandler, of Michigan, as the most popular man in the nation to-day, and it would not be surprised to see the Republican ticket made Grant and Chandler; or, in case Grant declines to run, Chandler in the first place.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Wilmington

TELEPHONE EXCHANGE!

OUR FRIENDS ARE REQUESTED TO be a little patient. We expect the instruments soon. The Wires are being strung as rapidly as possible. One Cable was laid in the river on Tuesday last, and we have another on the way.

It is hardly necessary to tell you that anything said through the Exchange will be private, only reaching the party for whom it is intended,

L. A. ANGEL
je 22 1t Agent.

THIS is to give notice that on the 16th day of June, 1879, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina against the estate of Samuel Northrop, William H. Northrop and William A. Cumming, partners trading as Northrop & Cumming, of Wilmington, in the county of New Hanover, in said District, who has been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition. That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of their estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden on the 25th, day of July A. D, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Fayetteville, N. C., before Wm. A. Guthrie, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy of said district.

J. B. HILL,
june 23 Marshal for said District.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Mortgage Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 2ND, 1879, AT 10 o'clock, A. M., Messrs. CRONLY & MORRIS, Auctioneers, will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the BED-ROOM SETS, OFFICE, PARLOR DINING-ROOM and KITCHEN FURNITURE contained in the

Empire House,

in this city, the same being the property that was conveyed by I. L. Dolby to Maria Genaust, by Mortgage, dated January 24th, 1879, and registered in Book O. O. O., on pages 386 and 387, in the Records of New Hanover County. Said sale to take place at said Hotel, at the appointed hour by order of the Mortgagee. je 22—2t.

M. CRONLY, Auctioneer.
BY CRONLY & MORRIS.

Mortgagee's Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 2ND, 1879, upon the premises, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., we will sell, at Public Auction, THE ENTIRE FURNITURE AND OUTFIT of the

Empire House,

of this city, viz.,

Parlor, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture (38 Rooms), all in excellent condition,
Bar, Office and Kitchen Furniture,
Two Billiard Tables and Fixtures,
Bedding, Crockery and Glassware,
and everything requisite to the conduct of a First Class House.
Conditions Cash.

Hotel can be rented for one or more years upon application to the Auctioneers. je 22—2t.

Monday 23rd, And Tuesday 24th, The Last Days.

TAX LISTING.

WILL CLOSE TUESDAY.
JUNE 24TH, 1879, at 6 P. M.

HOURS on Monday, June 23,
9 A. m. to 1 P. M.
5 A. M. to 8 P. M,
TUESDAY June 24th,
9 A. M. to 1 P. M., 3 to 6 P. M.

M. CRONLY, Assessor
je 22 1t Wilmington Township.

TAX LISTING,

HAVING BEEN FURNISHED WITH A LIST of all Mortgages of Record in this Township, it is made obligatory upon me, in case parties fail to list to enter the same upon the delinquent list, compute and extend a double Tax thereon.

Save annoyance and expense—call at City Hall and list, Hours from 9 A. M. to P. M., 3 to 6 P. M.

M. CRONLY, Assessor
je 22 1t Wilmington Township.

REASONS WHY

PERRY DAVIS'

PAIN - KILLER

IS THE

Best Family Medicine of the Age.

And why it should be kept always near at hand:

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. PAIN-KILLER, as a Diarrœa and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affects a cure.

4th. PAIN-KILLER will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c

6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chill Fever; it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequaled for Frost Bites, Chilblains, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cas of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows Old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a dollar in time and Doctor's bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty-seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and buy the genuine. Every Druggist, and nearly every Counry Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

n 18-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ.

We stood at an open window
Leaning far over the sill,
And if something hadn't happened
We might have stood there still;
But we reached for a banging shutter
In a blinding northeast breeze,
So our friends will have to be invited
To join in the obsequies.

IF WE COULD ONLY HAVE KNOWN what a storm was brewing (in a teapot), and how far off that shutter was, we should never have ventured our head outside of that window; but it is too late for regrets now; we are nonplussed, completely squelched, have been sat upon, and our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend the obsequies on

SATURDAY NEXT

and we stake our reputation on its being the grandest funeral they ever witnessed.

As he slips he slides, and every time he slides he slips up most woefully. We leave our "kind friends" to find out the meaning of the above, and while they are doing so we will ask the following questions:

Havn't we the ugliest and dirtiest store in the State?

Havn't we the poorest stock of goods in Wilmington?

Havn't we made prices much highe since we commenced?

Havn't we been very unaccommodating and impolite to you?

Havn't we charged you for all he goods delivered?

Havn't we made a great many mistakes and refused to correct them when our attention was called thereto?

All of our friends who answer "yes" to the above questions will please not buy from us any more. Respectfully and truly,

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.

In glancing over last Sunday's paper we regretted to notice the tacit acknowledgment from some of our brother grocers that we had taken away part of their trade, and making an appeal to the others not to leave them. We regret this exceedingly, especially as they were so kind and considerate about our coming to grief, but suppose, as we have determined to do the

LARGEST RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS

ever done in Wilmington, we will in the future have to keep from being so tender hearted, and CUT DOWN PRICES a little more.

THE BLOODY CHASM HAS BEEN BRIDGED OVER.

THE LITTLE JOKERS are not quite gone.

A fine line of TOILET SOAPS received to-day, very low down.

The OLD CAPE FEAR is flourishing and MARTELLE swimming.

We have been over and smoked that "Cigar of Peace," (a fine Havana it was), but still think it would be bad policy to stop furnishing the papers with our fine literary productions, as they have the tendency to keep prices very low, which we, of course, with all other good grocers, desire; only want enough left to pay for clerk's hire, store rent and taxes.

NOT PURITANICAL.

Although opposed to the drinking of Liquors, P. L. BRIDGERS & CO. are not puritanical enough to refuse to sell them, as they think no FIRST CLASS GROCERY STORE can afford to be without; but they promise the ladies that they would never find out there was any on the premises, as it must be taken elsewhere to be drunk.

BUMGARDNER,

STUART'S DEW and

DURHAM OLD RYE

received this week.

TRY OUR BUTTER AND LARD!

The purest, oldest, and best CORN WHISKEY in the State, to be bought only at

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO'S.

P. S.—We feel highly flattered at the notice taken of our advertisements, especially by a fellow grocer, who was not surprised at the absence of our usual Sunday morning ad, on account of one of our friends having gone to New York Saturday night.

dec 15 P. L. B. & CO.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Ed'r & Prop'r.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1879.

If there is one step in legislative degradation lower and meaner than another, it is the detestable bill reported by Mr. Hostetler of Indiana prohibiting federal officeholders from contributing to aid the party to which they belong. Well did Mr. Conger of Michigan in language of bitter indignation denounce the bill as infamous. That an American citizen is to be deprived of his right o use his own money as he pleases is an invasionof rights as despicable as theacts of Nero. What next tyranny awaits the people of the United States from this Democratic House? These inconceivably tyrannical acts show us that the days of liberty are receding and the days of Draco approaching. May the fate of the ancient tyrant be meted out to these invaders of human rights, and they be driven in disgrace from the Capitol as he was from Athens.

The attempt to take the Warner silve bill from the possession of the Senate committee on Finance, of which Senator Bayard is chairman probably has been abandoned. The Democratic caucus evidently thought they could get on better without the silver bill than without Senator Bayard. Mr. Thurman was trimming, but Gen. Gordon came to Bayard's rescue and the caucus adjourned without deciding the matter. Any party which undertakes to endorse the irredeemable currency doctrines will get the worst of it. There is no doubt but that Thurman or Hendricks would inevitably lose New York and Pennsylvania in 1880. Bayard would make as strong fight in both these states. Mr. Thurman flatters himself that the west is for rag money, and favors anything that approaches it. The Democrats would do well to recall the time when they drove Stephen A. Douglas from the Chairmanship of the Committee on Territories, and the consequences.

The Raleigh correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* has written a letter exposing the plans of the Democratic ring for 1880. He says that the Jarvis, Saunders & Co. combination will throw over Robinson for Lieut. Governor, and take Col. Thos. M. Holt of Alamance, a wealthy and able business man, who has already shown a desire to embellish his career with technical distinctions; also, will give the go-by to Yeates in the Albemarle in favor of Col. Latham, and pacify Gen. Scales by taking care of his brother, and other plans less important. Ex-Senator Merrimon, Judge Fowle, Geo. Davis, Gen. W. R. Cox and men of that class are not to be considered in this arrangement of the ring. We have no reason to believe that there will be backbone enough in this latter class to resist Jarvis & Co. Neither Merrimon nor Fowle have ever exhibited any pluck, even when they had opportunities. Gen. Cox carries a bold brain, and is always dangerous to anybody whom he opposes. Our belief is that the ultra secession, whiskey-drinking, heady Jarvis ring will have their way simply because Merrimon and that class will do nothing but grumble in private circles, This class all along has had too much independence to be popular in the ultra Democratic ranks, and not enough pluck to make a bold fight at a time when they might carry their point.

SOPHISTRY IN AMERICAN POLITICS.

Any historian, who after half a century may undertake to analyze in all its parts the great debate in Congress now apparently closing, and to sit in judgment upon equities and upon the motives of the participants, will undoubtedly find himself very greatly embarrassed. He will probably ascribe a good deal of his difficulty to the original anamolies in the construction of the government itself, arising from the existence of the slave system. That system being in itself in direct contradiction of the leading platitudes on which the new government had been based, entered into and colored and distorted more or less all the operations of the government down to the present time. To that system is due a great amount of the false logic which instrudes itself into our present affairs, as now exhibited by the majority in the present Congress.

That majority now endorse in a measure all the falsehoods, the inconsistencies and the absurdities in the conduct of our affairs generated by the existence of the slave system. This system has so inexorably left its sophistries and fallacies and false reasoning in our politics, that it is an incubus, a hideous and disgusting inheritance to the present majority in Congress. The slave power was first merely tolerated by our statesman, then as it grew stronger was defended, then dictated theories and policies, until it finally arrayed itself against the government itself, and precipitated the whole south into a region of political heresies which they have to defend, or rather which they do defend. Thus it is that the Hills, the Lamars, the Blackurns and others, loaded down and hampered by these false theories, are all the time at a disadvantage. They take upon themselves to defend not only the attempt to disrupt the nation but the theories and policies and systems from which that attempt was generated. They carry constantly on their shoulders the odium of the measures by which the south has arrived at its illegitimate ascendancy to-day. Such a constant advocacy of error, such a constant defence of heresies tends to unseat reason and demoralize the public sentiment and degrade the quality of public discussion.

AN INEXPLICABLE MURDER.

On the morning of the 11th of this month, at 140 west Forty-second street, New York, Mrs. Jane Lawrence De Forest Hull, wife of Dr. Alonzo G. Hull, was found dead in her bed, apparently strangled. She was lying upon her back, each of her feet being tied to the bed rail with strips torn from sheets, her elbows tied behind her back and her hands tied together over her breast, her eyes and mouth bandaged, her eyebrows scorched as if by a candle, and her face somewhat bruised. The jewelry about the room was missing and even the rings torn from her fingers. But there was in the next room $2,000 worth of solid silver plate which was not molested. Front doors of the house were found open, the bolts being drawn, and there was no mutilation of locks.

The house was four stories high, and the husband habitually slept in the fourth story while his wife slept on the ground floor. The husband was about 76 years old and the wife about 58, he a wiry old man and she weighing 200 pounds. Both were spiritualists, she a prominent member of one of their societies. They had been married 42 years. The second floor was occupied by a man, his wife and step daughter, and the third floor by two ladies and a man and his wife, and the fourth floor by two gentlemen and Dr. Hull. They were originally wealthy and travelled in Europe, and were current in the best circles, but had latterly become comparatively poor, and took this spacious house for the purpose of taking boarders, and the occupants were boarders. She was addicted to stock gambling.

Who committed this remarkable murder? is the question which agitates all police quarters and detectives. There was no appearance that anybody had broken into the house, and the front doors must have been opened by some one from the inside. No policeman saw anybody around the house in the night. A servant slept in the next room and thought she heard something like a scream in the night but did not fairly wake up. Therefore the theory of the police is that the terrible deed was committed by the husband. Of course there were the strictest of post mortem examinations, and at last the remains of the murdered lady were laid out, the funeral services held, and her body deposited with her family in a town of New Jersey.

During the funeral services the husband exhibited very demonstrative grief, looking at the remains, crying out, and other violent conduct, but he did not follow the procession to the ferry, but went by a speedier route in his private carriage, and proceeded in the train to the grave. The police keep him in the closest surveillance, and swarms of detectives hover about him, although he is not arrested. They have taken out and examined all the water pipes in the house, and moused in the remotest nook and corner and closet and cellar for the lost jewelry, turning the clothing of the occupants wrong side outwards, squeezing pillows, ferreting in mattrasses and all unaccustomed places, and found nothing. No clue even to the horrible mystery.

OUR COLLEGES.

We compile from the *Observer* brief abstracts of the commencement exercises of Trinity, Davidson and Wake Forest Colleges for the information of our readers. While we are far more interested in the cause of common schools than in these higher institutions, we know that the latter may be, and really are, aids in those institutions which furnish the opportunities of intelligence to the masses of the people. Among those who are doing the most in this direction is Mr. Kemp P. Battle, the President of the University, who in connection with the Rev. Dr. Sears, the agent of the Peabody fund, keeps up an annual Normal School at Chapel Hill, which furnishes teachers for the whole state who are in the main accomplished and useful.

TRINITY.

This is a College in the interests of the Methodists, and is located on the North Carolina Railroad, about three miles from High Point. It is under charge of Dr. Craven, one of the best educators of the state. It is one of the best Colleges in the south.

The first day was occupied by a sermon from the Rev. Dr. Burkhead, who appeared in place of Bishop Pierce who had been expected.

Gen. W. R. Cox then delivered an address before the two literary societies upon education, upon which he received many congratulations.

J. H. Roper, Esq., then delivered the annual address before the Alumni, his subject being, "National spirit and independence of expression in conformity with the organic law of our country"

Then followed speeches by Gov. Jarvis and Fab. Busbee.

The following day came the addresses of the graduating class, Thomas Neal Ivey of Lincoln delivering the salutatory, and Evans Tanner of Granville the valedictory. Eight young men besides delivered addresses.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon Rev. C. C. Woods, of the Missouri Conference, and LL D. upon W. H. Poole, of Toronto, Canada.

Then there was a reception in Hesperian Hall of honor, loveliness and beauty.

DAVIDSON.

This most excellent College is situated about half way between Charlotte and Statesville on the railroad running between those places, and is presided by the Rev. Dr. A. Hepburn. It is under the direction of the Presbyterians, and has the largest endowment of any institution in the state.

Our distinguished citizen Col. Duncan K. McRae delivered his famous address on "genius and talent." President Hepburn then announced the order of exercises as follows:

1. Meeting of Society of Alumni at 3½ o'clock this p. m.

2. Address before the Alumni at 4½ o'clock by Anthony White, Esq., of Sumter, S. C.

3. Address of representatives of the Literary Societies to-night.

The subjects of the students were striking and indicated a high style of thinking. Such as: "The foundation of the University of Leyden," "William the Silent," "the Capture of the Bastile," "Ottoman rule in Europe," &c. The salutatory was delivered in English, by P. Palmer Reid of Reidsville, S. C., and the valedictory by F. P. Ramsey, of Alabama.

WAKE FOREST.

The Baptists were the founders of this College, which is beautifully situated about twenty miles north from Raleigh. It had a large endowment before the war and has a great many ardent friends who aid it.

The graduates this year numbered 12, and nearly all appeared in graduatory parts. The valedictory was made by Needham Yancy Gulley, of Johnson.

A new President has just been elected, the Rev. Dr. E. L. Winkler. He is a native of Georgia, but graduated at Brown University in Providence, and at the Newton (Mass) Theological school.

The buildings of this College are already large and commodious but new ones are being added under the liberal subscription of its friends.

The South Carolina cotton mills are said to be very flourishing. There is the Langley Co, with 10,800 spindles; the Glendale with 5000; the Reedy River with 2000; the Graniteville with 10,000; the Piedmont with 100,600, and the Cumberdown with 13,000. They employ about 1500 operatives. The Piedmont mills show a net profit of $50,684. 78.

The Solid South.

The New York *Tribune* talks plainly of a "solid south." It says:

"The solid south has taken pains to isolate itself. It will tolerate no active Republicanism within its borders. It will listen to no outspoken Republicanism elsewhere Uncompromising hostility toward all those who have for twenty years led and represented public opinion at the north—this is the prevailing spirit of the Confederate Brigadiers. They cannot forget that they were beaten, and are destitute of that largeness of soul which rises above the past. Haughty, soured by merited calamity, rooted in their hostility to Republican ideas and leaders, separated and isolated by their own choice, what can they know of public opinion at the north? And yet they hope to rule this country! Men who have no comprehension of the character, spirit, purposes or opinions of two-thirds of the people of this nation, nevertheless persuade themselves that they can govern it!

The Confederate Brigadier always fancies that he has to deal with an ignorant, passionate, narrow-minded and shallow people. He builds great hopes on the smallest tricks of the demagogue, for he cannot understand that the sober common sense of the millions of voters at the north treats such tricks with contempt. He listens to the advice given by shallow, knavish partisans at the north, because they agree with him in thinking that the people are tools and rascals. A northern trickster, who has crawled into Congress by appealing to the passions of the rabble, appears to the southern Brigadier to "understand northern sentiment." His fatal advice is followed. Sincere and true friends of the southern people, who would gladly see the south extricated from its unhappy position, are treated with insolence and forced into opposition.

"The south is too solid for its own good—too solid by far ever to rule this country. No party that has the support of the solid south ever will rule in this country again. No public man of either party who is cursed with the support of the solid south ever will hold large influence; for the people of the north are not idiots and cannot be cheated by the tricks of cross roads politicians. Neither are they knaves, nor will they intrust power to men in whom the disposition to repudiate all obligations has become chronic. For all time the north will have the majority, and the solid south will never know enough of northern character and opinion seriously to divide the northern vote. This country is not yet ready to be ruled by its least intelligent end."

The Columbus (Ga.) *Enquirer-Sun* protests against southern papers abusing Senator Bayard, and adds: "Attacking Bayard should be left to journals like the New York *Sun*, whose editor, as Assistant Secretary of War, went to Fortress Monroe to see that President Davis was properly manacled. For a Democratic paper to do so is unfair and ungenerous. Senator Bayard is a gentleman and a statesman, who acts from principle and not policy. The *Enquirer* thus gives notice that the fight in the Democratic camp will be continued.

SHARP TALK IN THE SENATE.

The debate on the Army bill was up in the night session and Mr. Beck made a speech in defence of the bill. From the *Times*:

Mr. Blaine followed Mr. Beck, and made good his allegations of a few days ago, as to the character of school-books used in the schools of the south. When Mr. Blaine charged that books were used in southern schools which inculcated the same heresies which produced the rebellion, and which were filled with expressions of bitterness and hatred toward the people of the north, Mr. Vance of North Carolina, denied the charges, and alleged that no books of that description had been publised since the close of the war. Mr. Blaine to-day produced two books of this class published recently, from which he read extracts fully sustaining his former statements. One of the books was published this year, and contained extracts from speeches made by Senator Vance. Mr. Blaine produced from one of these speeches several extravagant rhetorical figures which caused considerable merriment at Mr. Vance's expense. He also read an account of the battle of Buen Vista, in which an Indiana regiment is described as running away from the enemy, while the Mississippi regiment, commanded by Jefferson Davis, gallantly went forward, took the place deserted by the Indianians, and performed service which materially aided in winning the victory.

When Mr. Blaine had finished, Mr. Voorhees assumed the floor, and, in defending Indiana, made a vigorous attack upon New England for her conduct during the Mexican war. After comparing Mr. Blaine to the vulture among birds and the hyena among beasts, Mr. Voorhees explained the conduct of tho Indiana troops at Buena Vista, and then charged that Maine did not furnish a single soldier for the Mexican war, and that all New England did not furnish a single company for that war. During this part of Mr Voorhees's speech Mr. Blaine interrupted him by asking where Franklin Pierce was during that war. Mr. Voorhees made a retort to this by saying that he expected that question would be asked and was not surprised to find New England striving to save herself by hanging upon the neck of a Democratic soldier. Mr. Voorhees reiterated his charge that New England did not furnish a single company of volunteer troops for the Mexican war, and challenged any New England Senator to go with him to-morrow to test the question by examining the records of the Adjutant-General's office. This challenge was accepted by Gen. Burnside, with a gravity which caused great laughter. After concluding his defense of Indiana, Mr. Voorhees took up the rolls of the officers of the Senate and House, and endeavored to show that the Democrats were the only true friends of the Union soldiers, and that they had employed more of that class than the Republicans.

* * * * *

About midnight Mr. Conkling took the floor, and in a heated speech denounced the Democrats for their bad faith in endeavoring to force a vote upon the bill without giving the minority an opportunity to be heard. He recounted the proceedings in connection with the consideration of the bill, and said it was insulting to the Republicans to insist that they should proceed at the end of a day which had been occupied by the Democrats in making political speeches. He declared that he would never permit a domineering majority to ride rough shod over the minority. He then proceeded to debate the bill, which he denounced as a juggle and a trick; as an attempt to deprive the Executive of the right to use the army under the threat of starving it to death. He argued that the words "as a police force" were a cheat and a snare. The army could not be used to preserve peace except as a police force, and the purpose of the Democrats was to push the bill through by stealth or force it through by the brute force of numbers. It was because the Democrats would not permit the Republicans to expose this cheat that they resisted the edict of the majority. Mr. Conkling's speech was one of the most bitter he ever delivered, and his denunciation of the Democrats and their methods was terrific.

Mr. Lamar is now (12:30 A. M.) replying to Mr. Conkling's charge of bad faith on the part of the Democrats. He said that if Mr. Conkling charged that he was guilty of bad faith he was guilty of a falsehood, which he repelled with all the contempt he felt for the author.

Mr. Conkling said that if he understood Mr. Lamar as imputing to him the utterance of a falsehood, nothing but the proprieties of the Senate would prevent him from denouncing him [Mr. Lamar] as a blackguard, a coward, and a liar.

Mr. Lamar replied that he did mean exactly what he said. He admitted that it was harsh and unparliamentary language, and such as no good man deserved and no brave man would wear.

This sentence was applauded by Mr. Vance, of North Carolina, who was seated beside Mr. Lamar.

This scene produced the most intense excitement among the Senators, and the surprise at the violence of the language of both Senators was so great that neither was called to order, and when Mr. Lamar sat down the Clerk proceeded to call the roll on an unimportant motion. The Senators are now paying no attention to the dull proceedings, and are gathered in knots about the chamber discussing the extraordinary scene between Messrs. Conkling and Lamar.

One O'clock A. M.—The Senate is now quietly debating a question of order touching proceedings under a call of the Senate. Before the last roll call no quorum answered, and the Democrats are now telegraphing for their absentees, in the hope that they may be able to secure the presence of a quorum tomorrow morning. Messrs. Conkling and Lamar are both in their seats.

A Boston company, backed by unlimited capital, is building a railroad by Santa Fe and Los Vegas to El Paso, and thence to Guaymas on the Gulf of California, in the state Sinaloa, and thence through Mexico. It will be by this route 3,800 miles from New York to Guaymas, and will open a new port for Asiatic trade. This city of Guaymas is 800 miles nearer China than San Francisco, and 1,000 miles nearer Australia.

POLITICAL.

Hon. H. F. Page has been nominated as the Republican candidate for Congress in the Sacramento district, Cal.

It is probable that the Republican state Convention lately in session at Sacramento has nominated Frank M. Pixley of San Francisco for Governor.

In the city election at Portland, Oregon, on Monday, the Republicans elected a Mayor and two Councilmen, and the Democrats the remainder of the Councilmen. In the election in East Portland, the Republicans made a clean sweep.

The Hon. H. W. Blair received for U. S. Senator in both houses of the legislature 181 votes and H. W. Bingham, the Democratic candidate, 93, and 10 scattering, Blair having 76 majority over all. Bingham is to New Hampshire about what Senator Eaton is to Connecticut, only that Bingham has by far the most brains.

The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections yesterday resumed the consideration of the question whether they should recommend an investigation by the Senate of the charges contained in the memorials which have been referred to, concerning Senator Ingalls. Five, (or according to one account, six) of the Democratic members of the committee took the ground that an investigation ought to be ordered, but on an intimation from the minority that Mr. Ingalls had himself determined to ask the Senate for an investigation, with a view to vindicating himself and some of his friends implicated by the charges, the committee postponed formal action upon the case to afford Senator Ingalls an opportunity to take the initiative if he so desires.

There is no longer any doubt that the friends of Senator Chandler intend to push him persistently from the first opportune moment as a Presidential candidate before the next National Convention. They are actively looking over the ground and some work has already been done, both in the national committee and out of it. It is also understood that the Senator is in the hands of his friends for the purpose they have in view. They declare that they can claim for him with perfect confidence that he would have an honest administration, and that in regard to all pending national issues he would give the Union loving people as strong a government as our Constitution and laws will allow.—*Cin. Gazette, Rep.*

Strenuous efforts are being made by the Democratic Central Committee of Iowa to induce their candidats to consent to withdraw and leave the field open to the Greenbackers, the trade to be dependent on the withdrawal of the Greenback ticket of Ohio, the Greenbackers there to support Ewing. Prominent Democrats from Washington are writing letters to the Democracy urging such action, claiming that it is all important that Ohio should be Democratic this year, for effect on next year's struggle for the Presidency. So far the consent of all the candidates has not been obtained, but can be if the Ohio Greenbackers agree to their part of the bargain.

Political Assessments

[From the National Republican.]

Nothing in the line of Democratic assurance, so constantly shown at the present session of Congress, has excelled the speech made on Tuesday by Mr. McLane, of Maryland. For cold-blooded impudence and canting hypocrisy it must be conceded the palm, and for a Democratic politician and officeholder to affect a horror of political assessments is as amusing as it is inconsistent. Mr. McLane knows, if he knows anything, that the Democratic party has lived and fattened upon political assessments, and that it has levied them with a system, deliberation, and arbitrary severity utterly unknown in the history of the Republican party.

Wherever and whenever in power, either in Federal, state, county, or city government, the Democracy has assessed its placemen, down to the humblest and poorest individual, with a regularity equaled only by that with which one election season has followed another. And no one has been allowed to escape payment. The party taxgatherers have been as relentless and remorseless as the constable or the sheriff.

Instances of the bold and business like way in which political assessments have been levied and collected by the Democrats might be multiplied for Mr. McLane's benefit, and to illustrate the absurdity of his attack upon the Republican party for doing mildly, and with many restrictions, what the Democrats have always done as a matter of course, and with all the force of party usage and discipline, it will sufficiently serve our purpose to reproduce, as we are fortunately able to do, one of the assessment circulars sent out from Tammany Hall, New York, during the Presidential campaign of 1876. It will be good reading for Mr. McLane and his Democratic brethren in Congress.

TILDEN AND HENDRICKS.
TAMMANY HALL,
NEW YORK, Sept. —, 1876.

SIR: The Democratic Republican General Committee, of New York, are much in want of funds to pay the legitimate and necessary expenses of the coming Presidential, State, and County Elections, to be held in November ensuing, and request from you, for that purpose, a contribution of $40.

By paying that amount to the collector, Mr. John D. Newman, at your earliest convenience, you will greatly oblige, Yours, truly and respectfully,

JOHN KELLY,
Chairman, 117 Nassau street.

EWD. J. FITZPATRICK, EWD. D. GALE,
JOHN J. GORMAN, HENRY H. PORTER,
THOMAS DUNLAP, JAMES DALY,
Finance Committee, 1876.
AUGUSTUS SCHELL,
Chairman Dem. Rep. Gen. Com.
WM. H. QUINCEY,
G. K. ACKERMAN,
LEO C. DESSAR,
THOMAS L. FEITNER,
Secretaries.

LIFE IN A BOTTLE.

The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known to the World—No More Use For Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons—Life for the Blood, Strength For the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC.

Believing that by cleansing the blood and building up the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, catarrh, very much broken down in constitution, &c., and after trying the best physicians and paying out my money for many kinds of medicines advertised without finding a permanent cure, I began doctoring myself, using medicines made from roots and herbs. I fortunately discovered a wonderful Bitters or Blood Cleanser, the first bottle of which gave me new life and vigor, and in time effected a permanent cure. I was free from catarrh, my lungs became strong and sound, being able to stand the most severe cold and exposure, and I have gained over thirty pounds in weight. Feeling confident that I had made a wonderful discovery in medicine, I prepared a quantity of the Root Bitters, and was in the habit of giving them away to sick friends and neighbors. I found the medicine effected the most wonderful cures of all diseases caused from humors or scrofula in the blood, Imprudence, Bad Stomach, Weakness, Kidney Disease, Torpid Liver, &c., &c. The news of my discovery in this way spread from one person to another until I found myself called upon to supply patients with medicine far and wide and I was induced to establish a laboratory for compounding and bottling the Root Bitters in large quantities, and I now devote all my time to this business.

I was at first backward in presenting either myself or discovery in this way to the public, not being a patent medicine man and with small capital, but I am getting bravely over that. Since I first advertised this medicine I have been crowded with orders from druggists and country dealers, and the hundreds of letters I have received from persons cured, prove the fact that no remedy ever did so much good in so short a time and had so much success as the Root Bitters. In fact, I am convinced that they will soon take the lead of all other medicines in use. Nearly one hundred retail druggists, right here at home in Cleveland, now sell Root Bitters, some of whom have already sold over one thousand bottles.

Root Bitters are strictly a medicinal preparation, such as was used in the good old days of our forefathers, when people were cured by some simple root or plant, and when calomel and other poisons of the mineral kingdom were unknown.

They act strongly on the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels regular and build up the nervous saystem. They penetrate every part of the body, searching out every nerve, bone and tissue from the head to the feet cleansing and strengthening the foutain springs of life, hence they must reach all diseases by purification and nourishment.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailments is, use Root Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life.

Thousands of persons in all parts of the country are already using ROOT BITTERS, They have saved many lives of consumptives who had been given up by friends and physicians to die, and have permanently cured many old chronic cases of Catarrh Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and skin Diseases, where all other treatments had failed. Are you troubled with sick headache, costiveness, dizziness, weakness, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, and broken down down in constitution? You will be cured if you take ROOT BITTERS. Have you humors and pimples on your face or skin? Nothing will give you such good health, strength, and beauty as ROOT BITTERS.

☞ I know that jealous physicians will cry humbug because my discovery cures so many of their patients, but I care not. It is now my desire and determination to place my ROOT BITTERS as fast as possible within the reach of all those suffering throughout the world. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists and country merchants, or sent by express on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles $5 00, For certificates of wonderful cures, see my large circular around each bottle of medicine. Read and judge for yourself.

☞ Ask your druggist or merchant for FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS, the great Blood Cleanser, and take no substitute he may recommend because he makes a larger profit.

G. W. FRAZIER, Discoverer
338 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

For sale by T. S. Burbank, Wilmington, N. C.

Proposals for Furnishing Rations and Ship Chandlery for Revenue Vessels.

CUSTOM HOUSE, WILMINGTON, N. C.
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 1879.

SEALED Proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, of Tuesday May 27th, 1879, for supplying Rations and Ship Chandlery (to be bid for separately) for the use of the crews and vessels of the United States Revenue Marine Service in this Collection District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1880.

Schedules of articles of Ship Chandlery to be bid for will be furnished on application at this office.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, and to waive defects, if deemed for the interest of the Government so to do.

W. P. CANADAY
may 11—3t. Collector.

SURE CURE FOR PILES.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William (an Indian remedy), called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless, relief and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts and nothing else.

☞ "I consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati Indianapolis and this city, and spent hundreds of dollars, and found no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian Ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely."

JOSEPH M. RYDER, Cleaveland, O.

"Has done me more good than all the medicine I ever tried, and I have spent more than $100 with doctors, besides medicines I am sure cost me more than $40."

DAVID SPARLING, Ingraham, Ill.

"Have suffered twenty years with itching and ulcerated piles, having used every remedy that came to my notice without benefit, until I used Indian Ointment and received immediate relief."

JAMES CARROLL, (an old miner), Tecoma, Nevada.

☞ No Pile Remedy ever gained such rapid favor and extensive sale. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. For sale by T. S. BURBANK.

March 23—1y.

WANTED A LIMITED number of active energetic canvassers to engage in a pleasant and profitable business. Good men will find this a rare chance

TO MAKE MONEY.

Such will pleash answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been engaged in. None but those who mean business need apply.

Address,
FINLEY, HARVEY & CO.,
april 20—1y Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN WERNER, Formery of Richmond Va.
H. C. PREMPERT, Formerly of Goldsboro, N. C.

WERNER & PREMPERT,

Personally in attendance at

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

No. 11 North Front Street, South of Purcell House, and No. 7 South Front Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

None but the most experienced workmen employed in this establishment.

☞ Manufacturers of Tonics, Hair Oil, Cologne, Renovators, Dyes, Beautifiers, &c., &c. april 12—tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Aromatic

SCHNAPPS.

THE following are a few of the testimonials in favor of the Schnapps:

MR. UDOLPHO WOLFE, 22 Beaver street, New York:

Dear Sir—I fee bound to say that I regard your Schnapps as being in every respect pre-eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland Gin, heretofore unobtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians,

DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,
Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

22 PINE STREET, NEW YORK, Nov.

UDO PHO WOLFE, ESQ. Present:

Dear Sir—I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Schiedam Schnapps, with the intent of determining any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the aduiteration of liquors I would not hesitate to use myself, or recommend to others, for medicinal purposes, the Schiedam Schnapps as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of Gin.

Very respectfully, yours,
Signed CHAS. A. SHERLY, Chemist

NEW YOK, CEDAR, STREET
November 26th, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ., Present:

Dear Sir—I submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of Schiedam Schnaps, which I took from a fresh package in you bonded warehouse, and find as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or falsification: that it has the marks of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixture of alcohol and aromatics. Respectfully,

FRED. F. MAYER, Chemist.

CHEEMICAL AND TECHNICAL LABORATOY,
13 Exchange Place, New York,
November 25, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, EOQ:

Dear Sir—The undersigned have carefully and thoroughly analyzed a sample of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps," selected by ourselves, and have found the same free from all organic or inorganic substances, more or less injurious to health. From the result of our examination we consider the article one of superior quality, healthful as a beverage, effectual in its medicinal qualities. Respectfully, yours

ALEX, TRIPEL, Chemist.
FRANCIS E, ENGELHARD, M. D.

For sale by all respectable Grocers and Druggists.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SONS & CO.,
18 Beaver street, New York.
may 4—1y

THE WILMINGTON POST,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1879.

Rapid Transit in the School Room.

Many of our readers, no doubt, will recollect an article which appeared in the colums of this paper a few months since, entitled "The Science of Education," giving a review of the new method of which Mr. T. D. Kellogg, of New York city, is the originator. His school in that city has now been in operation two years, and, by their practical application in the school room, the improvements of which he is the inventor have been thoroughly tested, and their value fully established. The course of instruction in this institution covers all the branches customary in our best schools, from the first rudiments of education up to, and including preparation for admission to advanced classes in college; and the advantages of this method are held out alike to both sexes. We observe as one of the new features of the school for the coming year, the addition of a boarding school in connection with the day school.

From the new catalogue for the year 1879,'80, at hand, we are glad to note Mr. Kellogg's success and the evidence of his prosperity. The service which he is rendering society certainly merits the warmest and most generous public recognition. We quote from an article under the heading, "Rapid Transit in the School Room," from the *National Journal of Education*, of Boston, the following: " * * * In ordinary schools, under the old *regime*, it requires from two to three years to teach children to read books adapted to their mental capacity. In a school we visited in Sixth avenue the principal, by his skill and improved methods, takes the child of seven years, with no knowledge of letters, no practice in the art of reading, and accomplishes the same result in from twelve to fifteen weeks. This result is not obtained by any process of cramming, like the overloaded horse-cars before the construction of rapid-transit railroads; he accomplishes it by measuring the child's mental development, and then leading him to think out everything for himself."

"It was found that rapid transit in the city throughfares could not be secured by cramming the horse cars and stages, much less can rapid transit in the school room be secured by cramming the child's memory. How then is it secured? The observation is aroused, the perceptive faculties are stimulated, the interest and enthusiasm, are awakened, and the child is led to seize the idea and digest it, until it becomes a part and parcel of his mental existence. The principal presents but one step at a time, and makes that step the easiest possible. Mental evolutions and curves are as quietly and smoothly made as the curves on the well managed Metropolitan Railroad. Great care is exercised not to make it necessary to reverse the intellectual engine. His track is skillfully laid, its bed firmly constructed, so that the mental car moves with the least possible friction, and is in no danger of being thrown from the track.

"We have seldom seen pupils so completely under the control of a teacher, and have seldom witnessed such enthusiasm, such searching after hidden truth, as we witnessed in this school. To reach a clear comprehension of the methods and improved system, one must visit the school and witness the teacher's power in developing the faculties of the child's mind. We had heard of it, but had not seen it. We believed that much which had been told us was merely apochryphal. At the earnest suggestion of a gentleman largely interested in education in New York, we were induced to visit this school, and found the statements of others had fallen short of the reality. The first class we visited was one of boys and girls, whose ages, we afterward learned, were from seven to eight years. They were engaged in learning how to find words in the dictionary. These little children, who had only been in school about five months, were so thoroughly and skillfully taught that they would find any word mentioned as quickly as their teacher or any other person. This exercise was followed by one on the 'building up' of words, which was managed with such tact and discrimination that the pupils were able to construct different classes of words as they reached them, step by step, with wonderful facility and according to orthographic principles, and not by mechanical memorizing of each individual word. * * * Pupils eight years of age, who began their instruction last year, and who knew nothing of arithmetic when they entered his school, are now studying the application of percentage. They are classed with pupils who entered this year from other schools of twelve to fifteen years of age. We were informed that the class would complete elementary arithmetic, except permutations and progressions, during the present year. * * * We deem it but justice to state that this readiness of insight—this habit of going to the inner thought of things and searching for great fundamental principles—is the natural and direct result of the principal's own peculiar method of training. All the steps are wrought out with the utmost minutness, and are based upon the philosophy of mind. Such progress is attained (and, in fact, in no other way is it possible) by presenting the subject with the utmost simplicity, so that the principles involved may be readily seized upon and made a part of the pupil's mental constitution."

There is to be an attempt to get a new trial for Cox who killed Colonel Alston, and was sentenced only to imprisonment for life, under a very peculiar statute of Georgia. It is that when the jury recommends the prisoner to mercy the judge is required to make the sentence imprisonment for life. The points of the motion for a new trial will be: New evidence, verdict not in accordance with evidence, and incorrect rulings of court. Cox is in jail and Mrs. Col. Alston is very feeble.

The price of ice in New York has been raised $1 per ton.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONE OF, IF NOT

THE

LARGEST STOCKS OF WHOLESALE GROCERIES OFFERED FOR SALE IN THE State of North Carolina, CAN BE FOUND AT

ADRIAN & VOLLERS

Southeast Corner Dock and Front Streets, Wilmington, N. C.

☞Orders and Purchasers Solicited.

july 7 tf

Flour, Sugar, Meat, Molasses.

1000 Bls FLOUR, of various brands.

250 Bbls SUGAR, of sundry grades

150 Boxes MEAT, Hams, Shoulders Sides, Strips, Bellies.

200 Hhds and Bbls MOLASSES

Call on or order direct from

dec 21 tf ADRIAN & VOLLERS

THE PURCELL HOUSE

HAS PASSED INTO THE HANDS OF the undersigned, has been newly furnished throughout, and, as heretofore, will be run strictly as a

First-Class Hotel!

Board reduced as follows: $2 50 and $3 per day; With Rooms, per month, $35; Table Board, per month $25.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars ALWAYS ON HAND AT

Regular City Prices.

We hope to see all the old patrons of the house and ALL THEIR FRIENDS, promising them that no pains shall be spared to please all.

Jan 18. COBB BROS., Proprietors.

SOL BEAR & BROS.,

18, 20 MARKET ST.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC, AT the LOWEST NET PRICES,

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCKS OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

Boots,

Shoes,

Hats,

Caps and

Dry Goods,

Carpeting,

Blankets,

&c., &c.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. dec 21 tf.

FOR SALE.

135 Acres of Land in Bladen County, one and a half miles from the Cape Fear River, Prospect Hill landing.

25 Acres of open Land, produces Corn, Cotton, and is in splendid condition.

Dwelling and out Houses in good condition.

3,000

Cords of Pine wood can be cut on this tract of Land.

Parties wishing to purchase will please apply to A. McDONALD,

Prospect Hill, Bladen County N. C.

tf.

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL

ENGINEERING

At the Rensselaer Polytebhnic Institute Troy, N. Y. Next term begins Sept. 12. The Annual Regisier for 1878 contains a list of the graduates for the past 52 years, with their positions, also course of study, requirements for admission, expenses, &c. Address, WM. H. YOUNG, Treasurer.

jy 20 1m

RAIL ROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R Company.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday June 15th 1879, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at..... 7:10 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 1:10 P. M,
Leave Weldon at..... 3:33 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at..... 9:53 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at..... 8:40 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 3.50 A M
Leave Weldon daily, at..... 2 13 A M
Arrive at Wilmington Front St Depot at..... 8 45 A M

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5,00 P. M. Daily, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4.00 A. M. Returning, leave Tarboro at 10.00 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8,30 P. M.

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North *via* Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily *via* Richmond and all-rail route.

Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond,

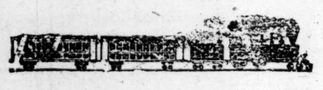
Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

je 15—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OEFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.



WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

On and after Sunday, June 15th, the following schedule will be run on this read:

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN— (Daily.)

Leave Wilmington..... 9 05 A. M
Arrive Florence..... 1 25 P. M
Leave Florence..... 3.50 P M
Arrive at Wilmington..... 8.20 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily)

Leave Wilmington..... 10 13 P M
Leave Florence..... 2 50 A M
Arrive at Columbia..... 9.00 A. M
Leave Columbia..... 6.00 A M
Leave Florence at..... 2.55 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington..... 6.50 A M

This Train stops only at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion.

Passengers for Augusta (via Columbia), should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

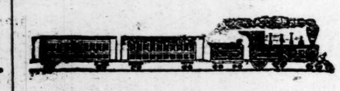
Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Augusta;

JOHN F, DIVINE, Gen. Sup't.

je 13—tf.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 16, 1879.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Monday, 16th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1. Leave Wilmington at.....6:30 A. M
Arrive at Hamlet at..... 2:00 P. M
" Charlotte at.....8:14 A. M

No. 2. Leave Charlotte at.....8:20 A. M
Arrive at Hamlet at..... 2:00 P. M
" Wilmington at.....10:00 P. M

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS

No. 9. Leave Charlotte.....7:00 A. M.
Arrive at Shelby.....11:15 A. M.

No. 10. Leave Shelby.....12:45 P. M
Arrive at Charlotte.....5:00 P. M

The above Trains have Passenger accommodations, and are the only ones permitted to carry Passengers.

V. Q. JOHNSON,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

sep 15

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS $140 TO $400.

All new, and strictly first-class, and sold at the lowest net cash wholesale factory prices, direct to the purchaser. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the HIGHEST HONORS—over 12,000 in use. Regularly incorporated Manufacturing Co.—Factory established over 37 years. The Square Grands contain Mathushek's new patent Duplex Overstrung Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The Uprights are the Finest in America. Pianos sent on trial. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue of 48 pages—mailed free.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., 21 East 15th Street, N. Y.

apr. 13—6m.

N. GREENWALD.

DEALER IN DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED

CIGARS AND SNUFFS,

North Carolina and Virginia Smoing and Chewing Tobacco,

PIPE SMOKERS ARTICLE, &c.

"Indian Girl Cigar Store.'

NO. 26 MARKET STREET,

dec 21 tj Wilmington, N. C.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORHŒA.

THE

"SEMINAL PASTILLE"

A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely new and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only sure way, viz: Direct Application to the principal seat of the Disease, acting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organization wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and strong memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Etc. Etc. and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no nonsense about this Preparation, Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.——During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceeded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, enough to last a month, and sent in plain wrapper by mail sealed for $5——two boxes, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure unless in severe cases) $5——Three boxes lasting three full months, will stop emissions, and restore vigor, in the worst cases, $10——Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

(Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as it never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G. CHEMISTS. Market and 8th. Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dec 8—tf.

BOOKS For the MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, compatible and incompatible, Sterility in women, cause and prevention. Advice to husbands, Advice to wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celebacy and Matrimony compared, Consanguinities, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their causes and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 380 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed for 50 cents.

"The Private Medical Adviser."

on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical decay, Dimness of sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc. making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; same size, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice."

a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one nicely bound volume, $1. They contain 600 pages and over 100 Illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced Physician of many years practice, (as is well known,) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.——Sent in single volumes, or complete in one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address: Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo. (Established 1847.)

(DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their names and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage.—Not a Truss.

december 8—tf

DR. A. G. OLIN

Private Hospital, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. Specialty, all Private, Chronic and Female Diseases. Consultation free. Ladies and Gentlemen, send one dollar for samples of best rubber goods, and valuable information by express. Reliable Female Pills, $5 per box. Private home and nurse for Ladies during confinement.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A new work, price 50 cents by mail. Mysteries of Nature, Physiology of Marriage, Organs of Generation, Diseases of Youth and Manhood; a wealth of choice and valuable information, of interest to both sexes. Nothing offensive to good taste and refinement. Information never before published. No family should be without it. Address, Dr. A. G. OLIN, 203 Clark St.

dec —tf

OPIUM and MORPHINE habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless, no publicity. Send stamp for full particulars. DR. CARLTON, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

dec 1—tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE CHEAP.

HOUSES AND LOTS.

OR

BUILDING LOTS.

IN DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.

Apply to:

W. P. CANADAY.

$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either six, in any part of the country who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. $66 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over $20 per day. All who engage at once can make money fast. At the present time money cannot be made so easily and rapidly at any other business. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. july 31—9m

$55 $77 a Week to Agents $1 00 OUTFIT FREE. P. O. VIYTORE, Augusta, Maine. sept 1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

B. D. MORILL,

Undertaker, Carpenter and Cabinet Maker.

OPPOSITE CITY HALL,

On Third Street.

WILL FURNISH COFFINS, CASKETS, with attendance, at the very shortest notice.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Orders for Carpenter and Cabinet Work solicited, and work guaranteed.

Work as low as any in the city.

jan 18-1y

ORGANS.

A LARGE LOT OF FINE

REED AND PIPE TOP

ORGANS JUST RECEIVED

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS,

NEW ENGLAND ORGANS,

BURDETT ORGANS, and

JUBILEE ORGANS,

For sale at

HEINSBERGER'S

Live Book and Music Store.

may 10—tf.

OLD,

TRIED,

AND

TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN

Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 35 years, until now it encircles the habitable globe.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast.

To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable.

A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep.

It cures foot-rot, hoof-ail, hollow horn, grub, screw-worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.

It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swinny, sprains, founder, wind-gall, ring-bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to Miners.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscle to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

february 1 1y R

GOLD Great chance to make money get greenbacks. If you can't get gold you can We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and Illustrated family publication, in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over $150 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive Outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business, No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine. aug 17-12m.

Rogers' Extra Early Peas.

FOR EARLINESS AND SUPERIOR quality cannot be excelled. White Marrow fat, Black Eye and other good varieties.—Early Snap Berns, Cabbage, Tomatoes, Radish Seed, Potatoes, and a general assortment of Vegetable and Feld Seed of reliable quality, at low prices. (Catalogues sent by mail.) Special attention to orders by mail.

C. B. ROGERS, Seed Grower, dec. 29 133 Market St., Phila.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

anl 19-1y

ZELL'S

Condensed Cyclopedia.

Rarest opportunity for making money is now offered to general agents and canvassers in the South on this exceedingly useful and low priced book. 1000 pp., double column. 700 engravings. 10 double-page colored maps. Only $5 a copy. For terms and territory, address T. ELLWOOD ZELL, DAVIS & CO., Philadelphia.—4t—N. W. A.

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. apl 19-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE

HOMELESS.

HOUSES AND LOTS

FOR SALE CHEAP.

TREMENDOUS excitement over the great reduction and splendid terms offered to buyers of real estate by W. P. CANADAY.

EXAMINE THE LOCATIONS.

A Large 8 Room House corner of 4th and Walnut streets, opposit Col. H. H. Munson's.

A Six Room House on 7th and Walnut streets, the highest part of Wilmington with a splendid view and good water.

SIX Room House on Castle between 6th and 7th streets. Premises complete.

HOUSE and Lot on Dickerson between Rankin and Miller streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 4th street between Queen and Wooster streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th between Castle and Queen streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Brunswick between 6th and 7th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Market between 13th and 14th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Queen between 10th and 11th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th between Harnett and Nixon streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th adjoining the above.

HOUSE and Lot on Church between 5th and 6th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th street near Red Cross street—House new.

HOUSE and Lot next to and adjoining the above—House old,

HOUSE and Lot on Dudley between 9th and 10th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 11th between Church and Castle streets.

I HAVE OTHER BUILDINGS IF THESE ABOVE WILL NOT SUIT.

SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS.

AND IN

EXCELLENT LOCALITIES.

LOT on Brunswick between 2nd and 3rd streets—45x100 feet.

LOT next to and adjoining the above—45x100 feet.

THESE Lots are within one Block of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad shops, and within two Blocks of the Carolina Central Railroad Depot. If none of the above or following will suite, I have others that I will sell.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY LOTS,

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY splendid Building Lots between Market and Princess streets, and Seventeenth and Twentieth streets, in the most beautiful part of Wilmington.

ALSO 120 LOTS.

One Hundred and Twenty Lots between Princess and Chestnut streets and 17th and 20th streets.

120 LOTS MORE.

One Hundred and Ttwenty Lots between Chestnut and Mulberry treets, and 17th and 20th sts.

The size of the above Lots is 30 by 75 feet each.

Good Farming Land.

100 Acres of Good Farming Land in Pender county.

A Small farm in Brunswick county on Town Creek.

THE above property will be sold very cheap for cash, or on terms that will suit the purchaser. NOW is the time to PROVIDE a home for your family. Do not continue to pay high rent and die poor, but buy while you can. The rent you pay will buy you a home of your own, and when you are old you will be thankful you had such an opportunity.

W. P. CANADAY.

may 10—tf On Princess between Front and Second streets.

STATE ITEMS.

Where are "Stonewall Springs?" and what about them?

The Roanoke Fair at Welden this year promises to be a big affair.

Pee Dee *Herald*: A colored boy, about 14 years old, son of Freeman Marshal, was drowned while bathing in Little's pond last Saturday.

The Hillsboro *Recorder* said to be the oldest paper in North Carolina is dead. But it will have a resurrection in the more enterprising town of Durham.

Gov. Jarvis, Senator Vance, General Scales, Hon. R. F. Armfield and Hon. W. M. Robbins have accepted invitations to be present at the Confederate reunion at Winston on the 3rd and 4th of July.

Asheville *Citizen*: Mr. T. N. Long, of Pigeon River, Haywood county, last year raised a gourd weighing 72 pounds, and which hold 13 gallons of water, and it was not a good year for gourds either. Can anybody beat this in the gourd line?

Last week President Bridgers of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad directed Capt. J. F. Divine to present Captains Cutts and Lynch, conductors fifty dollars, as he himself expressed it, for meritorious services. This is a high compliment and well deserved.—*Weldon News.*

The town commissioners intend to supply a want to the people of Weldon which they have long felt. For a long time past there have been no public wells in the place and all who used water have had to obtain it from private wells, and people riding into town from the country very often cannot get it at all.—*Ibid.*

Mr. Samuel Hudson, of Pollocksville, shipped per steamer Contentnea yesterday, a load of new Irish potatoes, which was immediately transferred to steamer Pamlico, which sailed from her dock at noon. The Contentnea made the time from Pollocksville to New Bern in two hours and thirty minutes.—*New Berne Democrat.*

A Goldsboro young man who works hard during the day walks all night at the fair grounds, practicing for a pedestrian contest with anybody. He is squandering his estate in shoe leather, and should be either lodged with Dr. Grissom or sent to the legislature. He covered 11 miles in one hour and forty-five minutes a few nights ago.—*Goldsboro Mail.*

Statesville *American*: The following United States prisicners, confined in the jail at this place, were given their freedom last Monday, having served out the time for which they were incarcerated; D. D. Covington, William Hall, Paul Hartzog, J. W. McIntyre, T. C. Wilson, W. W. Magness, (white), and Levi Mull, colored.——Twenty-seven daughters brighten a Cleveland, North Carolina homestead with their prattle. Should think that the dad would like to have twenty-seven young men to come that way and relieve the domiciles of their chin music.

A HEAVY STRIKE.

Nearly all the spinners of Fall River, Mass., have struck for the 15 per cent. which was taken from their wages at the last April failures. The owners of the mills propose to shut down rather than accede to the terms of the strikers. The mill owners have put forth a statement setting forth of the recent business of the mills and the experience of Fall River manufactories as follows:

The stockholders of the Border City Mills, with a capita lof $1,000,000, have, lost the whole of it; not a cent is left. The mills remain, but they are in the hands of the creditors, not stockholders. The Sagamore mill sunk the whole of its capital, $500,000, and then $200,000 more was put in and sunk. The Union mill, with a nominal capital of $170,000, but with property worth $800,000 at least, has lost all. The Tecumseh Mill has sunk 80 per cent. of its capital. The capital was $500,000, and the loss is $400.000. The Robeson mills, with a capital of $260,000, have sunk 60 per cent., the loss being $156,000. The Fall River Print Works, a cotton mill under that name, recently went into bankruptcy; capital, $2,000,000; all a dead loss. The Montauk mills had a capital of $250,000, a dead loss. The American Print Works have lost a capital of 1,000,000; that is, the indebtedness will take all the property. The losses of the other mills in stock is equal to one-third at least. A recapitulation of the actual losses is as follows:

Border City,	$1,000,000
Sagamore,	700,000
Union,	805,000
Tecumseh,	4.00,000
Robeson,	156,000
Fall River,	250,000
American,	1,000,000
Total,	$4,506,000

The actual known loss, not including the depreciation of the stocks in other mills, is $4,506,000, of which $4,000,000 is by the people of Fall River and immediate vicinity. Suppose the spinners aud operatives had been working upon the principle of co-operation, they would have shared in these losses. As it has been, they have been exempt, not indeed from loss, but from anything near as much as they would have suffered had they incurred a proportionate share of injury from the depression of business that has to a great extent caused the losses.

The financial strength which the spinners claim to possess, with which to meet the vicissituds of a long continued strike, is questioned. The strikers have pledged themselves to self-support for three weeks, without calling upon the the union, and it is claimed that the resources of the union are sufficient to maintain the strikers for two months. These resources, however, consist largely of promises of aid, the fulfillment of which will be necessary to their realization. There is a general feeling of depression throughout the city, and a season of hard trials and suffering is feared.

The Navy Department, in behalf of the National Board of Health, are considering the subject of a refrigerating ship, in which the atmosphere can be reduced to zero. A Board of Engineers has the matter in hand.

What Miss Mulock Found in a Basket.

Miss Mulock was obliged to write for her daily bread, and, that she might forget how miserable she was, she wrote a good deal. Of course, with all this practice and with her vast experience in sorrow, for her pen was one actually dipped in tears, she wrote better and better, till finally this retiring, grief-stricken woman awoke to find herself famous. Her first novel, "The Ogilivies," was very successful, and was published in 1849, when Miss Mulock was only 23, but her great masterpiece, "John Halifax, Gentleman," did not appear till 1857. In 1864 a pension of £60 a year was awarded Miss Mulock.

All this fame and unqualified success doubtless assuaged her grief and helped to make life endurable, but to one with such a loving heart and such quick sympathies, bereft of a home and without a relation, her life was still very sad and lonely. But in 1865 Captain George Lillie Craik, an officer in the English army, who had been in the Crimea, met Miss Mulock, and although some years her junior, addressed her and succeeded in winning her hand They have proved most cougenial companions, and their married life has been all that they could wish, with but one exception. The woman whose love for children amounts almost to a passion, who wrote "Philip, My King," has been denied the happiness of feeling baby fingers upon her cheeks or of ever hearing herself called mother. This is a severe sorrow, but even this pain has been partially assuaged. Strangely enough, one dark rainy night while she and her husband were speaking of children and the joy and brightness they bring to so many dwellings, there came a loud ring at the bell and then a furious knocking. On opening the door, lying upon the sill, they found a basket inclosed in many wrappings. When they were removed they discovered a lovely little baby only a few hours old. The child was wrapped in one roll after another of India muslin, and on its breast was pinned a note begging Mrs. Craik to be kind to the little waif thus brought to her door, and assuring her that no mean blood flowed in its veins. Tenderly she lifted the little thing in her loving arms, and her heart opened as warmly to take in the poor little deserted creature. They called the child Dorothea, God given, and she is now their legally adopted daughter whom no one can take from them, not even the parents who so cruelly deserted her. The little girl is tenderly attached to the only father and mother she has ever known.

Mrs. Craik's happy home is in the vicinity of Richmond. Let us hope that she has left her sorrows all behind her, and that while she lives no pain or grief shall ever again cross her peaceful path.—*Christian Union.*

Magnificence of Ancient Rome.

If anything more were wanted to give us an idea of Roman magnificence, we would turn our eyes from public monuments, demoralizing games, and grand processions; we would forget the statues in brass and marble which outnumbered the living inhabitants, so numerous that one hundred thousand have been recovered and still embellish Italy, and would descend into the lower sphere of material life to those things which attest luxury and taste of of ornaments, dresses, sumptuous living and rich furniture. The art of working metals and cutting precious stones surpassed anything known at the present day. In the decoration of houses, in social entertainments, in crockery, the Romans were remarkable. The mosaics, signet rings, cameos, bracelets, bronzes, vases, chains, couches, banqueting tables, chariots, colored glass, gilding mirrors, mattresses, cosmetics, perfumes, hair dyes, silk robes—all attest great elegance and beauty. The table of Tnuga root and Delian bronze were as expensive as side boards of Spanish walnut, so much admired in recent great exhibitions. Wood and ivory were carved as exquisitely as in Japan or China. Mirrors were made of polished silver. Glass cutters could imitate the colors of precious stones so well that the Portland vase, from the tomb of Alexander Severus, was long considered a genuine sardonyx. Brass could be hardened so as to cut stone and jewels. The Palace of Nero glittered with gold and jewels. His beds were of silver, and his tables of gold. Tiberius gave a million of sesterces for a picture for his dining-room. A banquet dish of Drusillus weighed five hundred pounds of silver. The cup of Drusus was of gold. Tunics were embroidered with the figures of various animals. Sandals were garnished with precious stones. Paulina wore jewels when she paid visits, valued at eight hundred thousand dollars. Drinking cups were engraved with scenes from the poets. Libraries were adorned with busts and presses of rare woods. Sofas were inlaid with tortoise shell, and covered with gorgeous purple. The Roman grandees rode in gilded chariots, bathed in marble baths, dined from crystal cups, slept on beds of down, reclined on luxurious couches, wore embroidered robes, and were adorned with precious jewels. They ransacked the earth and the seas for rare dishes for their banquets, and ornamented their houses with carpets from Babylon, onyx cups from Bythinia, marble from Numidia, bronzes from Corinth, statues from Athens—whatever, in short, was precious or rare or curious, in the most distant countries. The luxuries of the bath almost surpassed belief; and on the walls were magnificent frescoes and paintings, exhibiting in inexhaustible productiveness in landscape and mythologicol scenes, executed in lively colors.

But these were not all. The most amazing wealth and the loftiest taste went hand in hand. There were citizen nobles who owned whole provinces; even Paula could call a whole city her own. Rich senators, in some cases, were proprietors of two hundred thousand slaves. Their incomes were five thousand dollars per day, when gold and silver were worth four times as much as they are now.

Newport is rapidly filling up with wealth and fashion, paying enormous rents for cottages and villas, repairing and brushing up until the delightful old town is getting wild with splendor.

Hints to Those Calling Upon the Sick.

Only call at the door, unless you are sure your friend is able to see you without harm. Enter and leave the house and move about the room quietly. Carry a cheerful face and speak cheerful words. In order to cheer, you need tell no lies. If your friend is very sick do not fall into gay and careless talk in attempt to be cheerful. Don't ask questions, and thus oblige your friend to talk. Talk about something outside, and not by the disease and circumstances of the patient. Tell the news, but not the list of the sick and the dying. If possible, carry something with you to please the eye and relieve the monotony of the sick room; a flower, or even a picture, which you can loan for a few days, If desirable, some little delicacy to tempt the appetite will be well bestowed. The perfume of some flowers is poisonous, and they should never be carried into the sick room. Especially is this true of the tuberose, oleander, heliotrope, hyacinth, orange, lilac, syringa, and lilies. Stay only a moment, or a few minutes at the longest, unless you can be of some help.

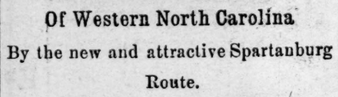
The Rev. Robert Collyer, 20 years the preacher at the Unity Church in Chicago, has accepted the charge of a church in New York City. He came from a blacksmith's forge to the pulpit, but is one of the most eloquent of men.

NEW ADVERTISEENMTS.

TO THE SUMMER RESORTS,

Of Western North Carolina

By the new and attractive Spartanburg Route.



WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA RAILROAD.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,

June 10th, 1879.

COMMENCING JUNE 11TH, 1879, The Following PERFECT AND CONTINUOUS Schedule will be operated on the SPARTANBURG ROUTE, by which ROUND TRIP TICKETS to all prominent Western North Carolina Excursion Points will be on sale, good until NOVEMBER 1st, 1879.

Leave Wilmington (by sleeping Car to Columbia)	10:13 P M
Leave Columbia	10:30 A M
Arrive Spartanburg	3:10 P M
Arrive Hendersonville	6:10 P M
Arrive Asheville	10:20 P M

24 HOURS WILMINGTON TO ASHEVILLE!

To connect with this very attractive Schedule Passengers can leave—

Weldon	3:32 P M
Wilson	5:40 P M
Tarboro	10:00 A M
Newbern	5:41 A M
Goldsboro	6:36 P M
Magnolia	8:00 P M

For Tickets, Time Cards, Engagement of Sleeping Car Accommodations, &c., &c., enquire of Agents at the Stations named, or of the undersigned.

A. POPE,
General Passenger Agent.

je 15 tf

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy, not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

The genuine DR. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

—:o:—

DR. C. McLANE'S

LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine.

As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name ***McLane,*** spelled differently but same pronunciation.

dec 8,—1y

NEW ADVERTISEENMTS.

1879 Excursion Season. 1879

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD,
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 8 h, 1879.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS TO THE VARIous Virginia Springs, Western North Carolina Summer Resorts, Morehead City, N. C. and Old Point Comfort, Va., good until November 1st, 1879, are now obtainable at Union Ticket Office, Wilmington, Goldsboro, Wilson and Tarboro, and will remain on sale until October 1st, 1879.

Close connection for points on A. M. & O. R. R. by 9.20 P. M. train from Wilmington

Close connections for points on C. & O. R. R. by both trains from Wilmington.

Close connections for points on Western North Carolina R. R., by train leaving

Wilmington	6.38 A. M.
Weldon	2.13 A. M.
Wilson	4.21 A. M.
Tarboro	8.39 P. M.

Leaving Goldsboro at 10.10 A. M. daily arriving at Salisbury 10.36 P. M., there connecting with Sleeping Cars on W. N. C. R. R., and reaching Swannanoa at 6.30 A. M., and Asheville 10.30 A. M., being beyond question the line of quicker transit and superior comfort to all others running to Western North Carolina.

For tickets, time cards, engagement of sleeping car accommodations, inquire of Agents at Stations named or to the undersigned.

A. Pope,
Gen. Pass. Agent.

je 8—6t

Free Love Lodge No. 1469, G. U of O. F.

H. J. WHITRHEAD, N G
W. T. HALL, N F
A. J. JONES, P N F
E. M. GREEN, V G
T. F. HALL, Treasurer
JOS. WILLIS, P S
I. G. BARNETT, P N G
JNO. PALLIES, I G
P. H. HARLEY, Warden
J. K. CUTLAR, Chaplain

Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Dock and Water sts. may 18—tf

Golden Lyre Lodge No. 1608 G. U. of O. F.

JOHN W. AVERY, N G
GODFREY WILLIS, N F
E. A. DUDLEY, P N G
J. M. SLOAN, V G
P. W. LAWRENCE, Treasurer
A. A. DUDLEY, P S
W. H. MARSTELLAR, P N G
MORRIS McFARLAND, I G
THOS. MILLER, Warden
ALEX. ELLISON, Chaplain
L. H. DAVIS, Marshal

Regular meetin 1st and 3d Monday night in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Market and South Water streets. may 18—tf

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUT

may 18—1y.

D. M. DART.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITTER,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

CAN STILL BE FOUND AT HIS OLD stand, Journal Building, Princess street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, cheaper than ever before offered to the public. Has constantly on hand

Bath Tubs,
Water Closets,
Wash Stands,
Pumps of all descriptions,
Drain Pipes,
Gas Pipes,
Gas Fxtures, &c., &c.

Personal attention given to all work. Satisfaction guaranteed.
december 21 tf

PARKER & TAYLOR,

DEALERS IN

Kerosene Oil, Stoves, Metals, Guns,

Lanterns, Fairbank's Scales,

PUMPS, BRASS AND IRON ROSIN STRAINERS.

DIPPERS AND SKIMMERS.

Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,

No. 19 FRONT STREET,

an 11 1y WILMINGTON, N. C,

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

June 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened and closed firm, at 24¼ cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported of 150 casks at that price,

ROSIN—The market opened firm at $1 07½ for Strained and $1 10 for Good Strained. Sales of 1000 bbls at quotations, and 80 do from K to Nx at $3 00 @$4 50 per bbl.

TAR.—Market was steady at 75 cts per bbl, of 280 lbs, the receipts of the day being disposed of at that price.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11¼	" "
S. Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling	11¼	" "
Middling	12¾	" "
Good Middling	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	13 bales
Spirits turpentine	549 casks
Rosin	1,782 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude turpentine	456 bbls

June 16

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market for this article opened firm at 24¾ cents per gallon for counry packages, with sales reported later of 250 casks at that figure.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 07½ for Strained and $1 10 for Good Strained. Sales reported of 5 bbls. No 1, at $2 00 and 35 Pale at $3 50 per bbl.

TAR.—The market opened steady the receipts of the day being disposed of at 75 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip, and $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON—The market for this article opened quiet and nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11¼	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling,	12	" "
Middling,	12¼	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	4 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	171 casks
Rosin,	689 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude Turpentine,	404 bbls

June 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was firm at 24¾ cents per gallon, for country packages, with sales reported of 50 casks at that figure, and 300 do on grivate terms, supposed to be 25 cents.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 07½ for Strained and $1 10 for Good Stained. Sales reported of 500 bbls Good Strained at $1 10.

TAR—Market for this article was steady, the receipts of the day being placed at 75 cents per bbl, of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article opened quiet and nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cents	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11	" "
Strict Good Ordinary	—	" "
Low Middling,	11¾	" "
Middling	12	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	— bales.
Spirits turpentine,	426 casks.
Rosin,	1,403 bbls.
Tar,	— "
Crude turpentine,	47 "

June 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 25 cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported 375 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 07½ for Strained. In fine rosins we hear of sales at 53 bbls No 1 at $1 80, 13 do at No 2 at $2 50 and 10 do Pale $3 50 per bbl.

TAR.—Market was steady, the receipts of the day were sold at 75 cents per bbl, of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market for this article was unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was quiet and nominal at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	—cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling,	11¾	" "
Middling,	12	" "
Good Middling.	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	6 bales
Spirits Turpentine	760 casks
Rosin,	2289 bbls
Tar,	60 bbls
Crude Turpentine	628 bbls

June 18.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened quiet at 25 cents per gallon for regular packages, with sales reported of 100 casks at that figure.

ROSIN.—The market was steady at $1 07½ for Strained, $1 10 for Good Strained. Sales at quotations.

TAR—Market was steady at 75 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs, the receipts of the day being disposed of at that price.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Sales reported of 251 bbls at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 10 for new Virgin, market steady:

COTTON—The market opened dull and nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11	" "
Strict Good Ordinary	—	" "
Low Middling,	11¾	" "
Middling	12	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	— bales.
Spirits turpentine,	426 casks.
Rosin,	1,403 bbls.
Tar,	— "
Crude turpentine,	47 "

June 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 25 cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported of 175 casks at 25 cents.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 07½ for Strained, $1 10 for Good Strained. Sales reported of 270 bbls fine rosins, K to Nx Low Pale, Good Extra Pale at $3 00@$3 1½ to $3 75@ $3 87½ per bbl.

TAR.—Market was steady at 75 cts per bbl., of 280 lbs, the receipts of the day being disposed of at that price.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market was nominal at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	11	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling,	13¾	" "
Middling,	12	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	— bales
Spirits Turpentine	308 casks
Rosin,	746 bbls
Tar,	3 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	275 bbls

FOR HEATH AND PLEASURE

GO TO

PATTERSON'S CELEBRATED SPRINGS.

THESE SPRINGS are situated four miles south of Shelby and six miles north of Whitaker's, on the Air-Line R. R. The mineral waters are sulphur and chalybeate. The properties of the sulphur are iron, sulphur and magnesia. Properties combined are beneficial to all disease, and nevr fail to cure the most obstinate cases, as many will testify. The chalbeate waters cannot be surpassed, having wrought many almost miraculous cures.

These Celebrated Springs will be open first of April, and the prices are in reach of all: having been greatly reduced this season.

Bathing houses, croquet grounds, ten-pen alley, and other amusements and attractions free for visitors. Hacks running from this place will meet visitors at Shelby or at Whitaker's, on Air-Line R. R., upon short notice to the Proprietor.

RATES OF BOARD.

Per day	$ 1 25
Per week	7 00
Per month	20 00
For two or more months	18 00

Children and servants half price.
For further particulars, address
W. G. PATTERSON, Prop'r.
Shelby, N. C., March 18th, 1879.

THE MILLIONAIRE.

P. H. O'Brian, of San Francisco, Cal., says: "Herald Compound is the best Cement for broken wares I ever saw. I have articles mended with it that stands as good as before they were broken." Sold by all druggists and country merchants, or if your druggist hasn't got it, nor wont send for it, send 25 cents for a bottle to

JNO T. PATRICK, Sole Manufact'r,
WADESBORO, N. C
may 4—18t

CONSUMPTION

POSITIVELY CURED

All sufferers from this disease that are anxious to be cured should try Dr. Kissner's Celebrated Consumptive Powders. These Powders are the only preparation known that will cure Consumption and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs—indeed, so strong is our faith in them, and also to convince you that they are no humbug, we will forward to every sufferer, by mail, post paid, a free Trial Box.

We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied of their curative powers. If your life is worth saving, don't delay in giving these Powders at trial, as they will surely cure you.

Price, for large box $3.00, sent to any part of the United States or Canada by mail on receipt of price.

ASH & ROBBINS,

360 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
March 30—1 y.

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co Augusta, Maine. apl 19-1y

"It is worth double the price"—Ottawa (Canada), Advertiser.

CHEAPEST AND BEST!

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE

FULL SIZE PAPER PATTERNS!

A Supplement will be given in every number for 1879, containing a full size pattern sheet for a lady's, or child's dress. Every subscriber will receive during the year, twelve of these patterns, so that these alone will be worth more than the subscription price. Great improvements will also be made in other respects.

"Peterson's Magazine" contains, every year, 1000 pages, 14 steel plates, 12 colored Berlin patterns, 12 mammoth colored fashion plates, 24 pages of music, and about 900 wood cuts. Its principal embellishments are.

SUPERB STEEL ENGRAVINGS!

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